





# National Parks such as RMNP play a very important role in the global effort to conserve biological diversity

- It is a goal of RMNP management to protect in perpetuity the natural world within the park and to serve as a world leader in wilderness protection and education.
- It is a goal to preserve examples of rare communities and individual species that outside the park's boundaries are threatened by a wide range of human pressures.
- It is a goal of RMNP to balance the ecological role of fire and other natural disturbances with the protection of human property and safety.

## We are all familiar with the concept of protecting T&E and rare species

- Botrychium furcatum
  - newly described species
- RMNP has the largest known population in the world.







## Natural Heritage Programs and NatureServe Rank Rare and Imperiled Plant Communities.

- Ranking system components
  - (G) Global status of the specie
  - (S) range found within a state
  - Numeric extensions are added to these on a scale of
     1 (critically imperiled) to 5 (demonstrably secure).
- http://www.cnhp.colostate.edu/list.html
- A reference to identify global status of a species maintained by NatureServe

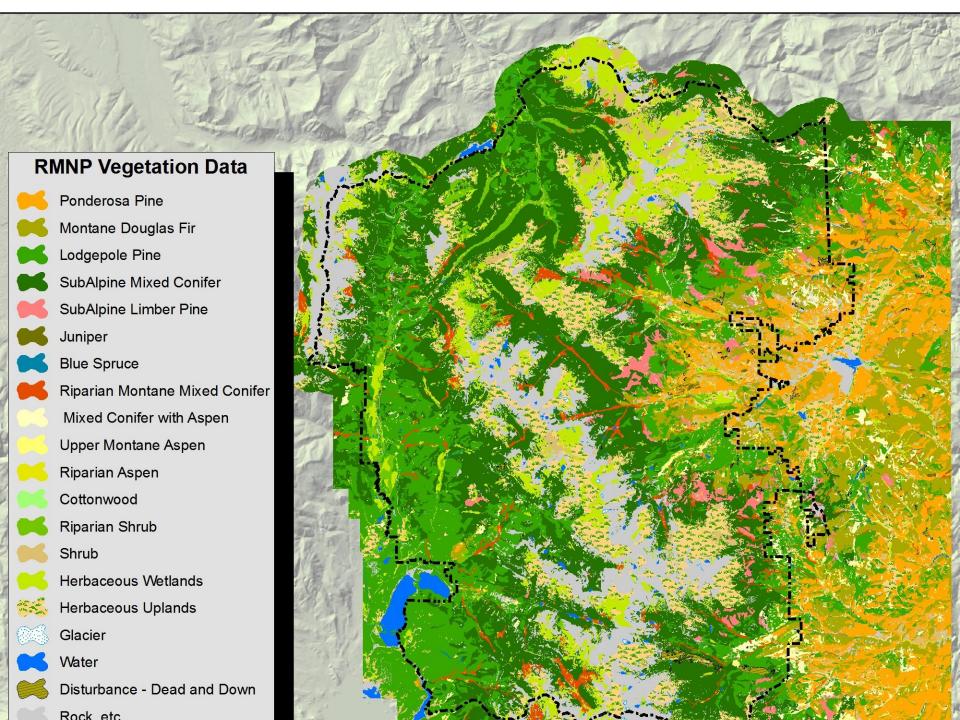
http://www.natureserve.org/

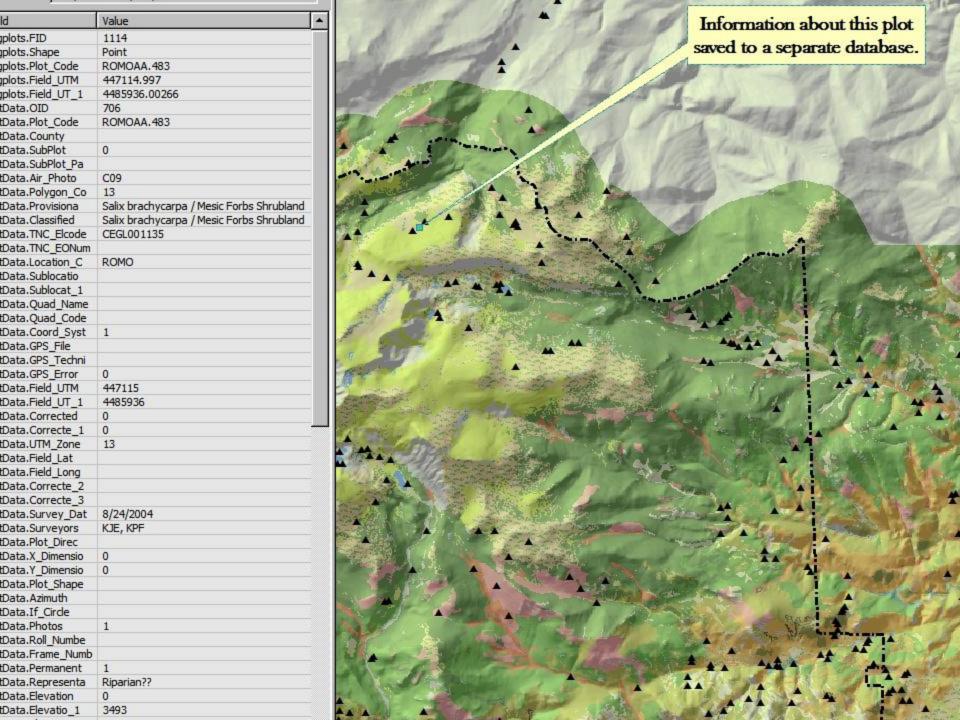
## Examples of Rare and Imperiled Plant Communities in RMNP

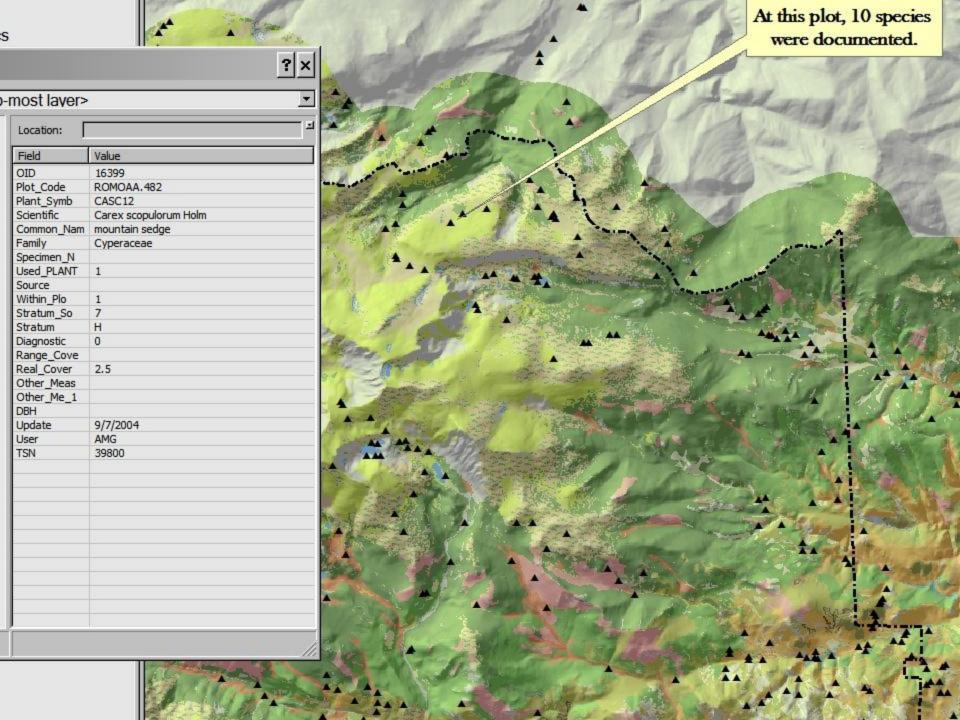
- Purshia Tridentata /
  Muhlenbergia Montanus
  Shrubland G2 S2 Plot
  locations ROMO.040,
  ROMO.108,ROMO524,
  etc.
- Populus tremuloides/Acer glabrum Forest – G1G2, S2, Plot Locations ROMO.122, ROMO.485, ROMO.708, etc.















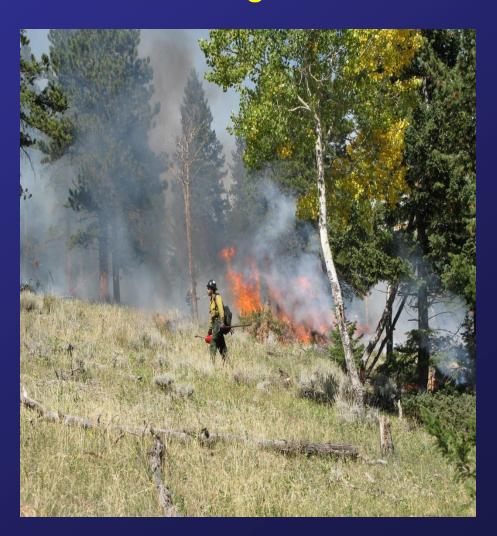
## Research Question - What are the combined effects of ungulate browsing and prescribed fire?

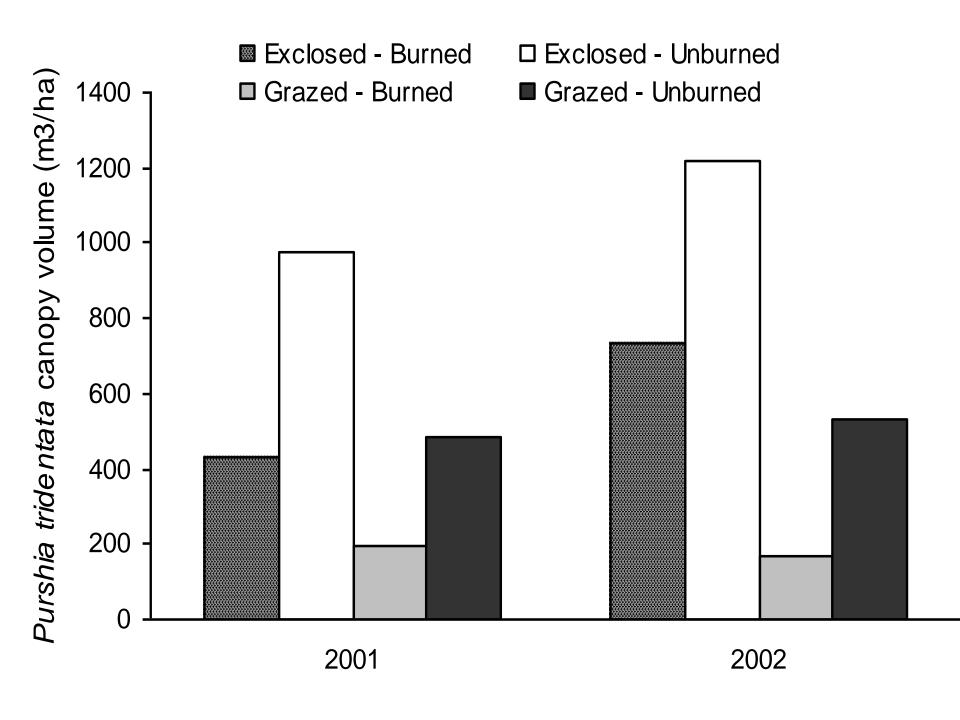




#### Combining heavy browsing with prescribed fire on the elk winter range impeded shrub regeneration

 Seven years after prescribed burns upland shrubs grazed and burned had substantially lower biomass than unburned and grazed (Nesvacil and Olmsted 2002)





### The Effects of Prescribed Fire on Rare Plant Communities within RMNP are not well understood

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Ponderosa/Antelope Bitterbrush (-)
Aspen-Ponderosa/Danthonia parryi (-)
Aspen-Subalpine Fir/Common Juniper (-)
Aspen/Mountain Maple (-)
Aspen/Common Juniper (-)
Antelope bitterbrush/Sagebrush/Stipa (-)
Antelope bitterbrush/Mountain Muhly (-)
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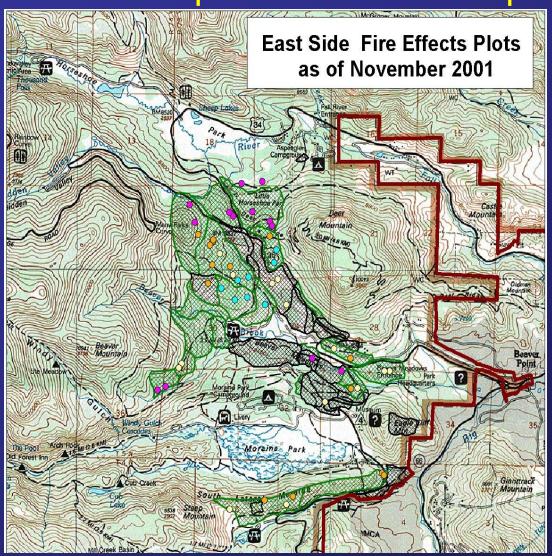
#### FMP and Burn Plan Input



- Pre Plan Research, T&E
   Rare Species, Maps
- Plan Input -
  - Values at Risk
  - WUI Mitigation for Natural Resources
  - Goals and Objectives
- Briefing
- Post Burn provide evaluation on protection of rare plant communities



### Fire Effects Plots are a source to monitor effects on rare plant communities post burn



Monitoring Plots through 2001

- FARTR1D05
- FPICE1T08 Mechanical
- FPICM1T08
- FPICO1T08
  - FPIPO1T09
- FPIPS1T02
- RMNP Boundary
  Prescribed Fire Units
- Unburned
- Burned



# Having information to make informed management decisions - FMO, burn boss and holding crew did a great job







